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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/560,555	04/28/2000	David L. Stephenson	15-4-910.00	3306
7590	11/10/2004		EXAMINER	
Sterne Kessler Goldstein & Fox PLLC Attorneys at Law Suite 600 1100 New York Avenue NW Washington, DC 20005-3934			WOOD, WILLIAM H	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2124	
DATE MAILED: 11/10/2004				

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/560,555	STEPHENSON ET AL.	

Examiner	Art Unit	
William H. Wood	2124	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 June 2004.
- 2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-44 is/are pending in the application.
 - 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-44 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
 Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
 Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
 - a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date: _____
3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date: _____	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-44 are pending and have been examined.

Information Disclosure Statement

1. The information disclosure statement filed 02 July 2003 fails to comply with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2), which requires a legible copy of each U.S. and foreign patent; each publication or that portion which caused it to be listed; and all other information or that portion which caused it to be listed. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered by the current Examiner assigned to the prosecution of the Application (though a previous Examiner has considered the cited documents). A copy of the cited references or indication of previous submission is required in order to complete the record of prosecution.

Claim Objections

2. Claim 37 is objected to because of the following informalities: claim is a duplicate of claim 33. Claim 37 might be more appropriate under claim 14. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claims 17-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 17 recites the limitation "the tree" in line 3. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. Possible correction may include making claim 17 dependent upon claim 16 (it will be treated as such in the below rejections).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

6. Claims 1, 20-26 and 27-32, 33-39 and 40-44 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Bortnikov et al.** (USPN 6,029,004) in view of **Goebel** (USPN 6,139,200).

Claim 1

Bortnikov disclosed a method for precise feedback data generation and updating during compile-time optimizations, within an optimizing compiler, comprising:

(1) accessing a first intermediate representation of source code of a computer program, wherein said first intermediate representation includes instructions instrumented into the source code of said computer program (*column 4, lines 11-20*);

(2) annotating said first intermediate representation with previously-gathered frequency data from a plurality of sample executions of said computer program (*column 5, lines 18-31*);

(3) updating said frequency data (*column 5, lines 18-21*);

(4) performing an optimization of said first intermediate representation annotated with said frequency data updated in step (3), thereby producing a transformed intermediate representation (*column 2, line 65 to column 3, line 16*);

Bortnikov did not explicitly state *repeating steps (3) and (4) at least once during the same compilation pass; and updating frequency data to maintain accuracy in a direction of increasing exactness*. **Goebel** demonstrated that it was known at the time of invention to use feedback updates of increasing exactness for reiterative optimization (figure 5, elements 540 and 570; column 8, lines 30-40; column 9, lines 31-37; column 10, lines 10-20). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to implement the optimizing compiler of **Bortnikov** with single pass optimization refinement techniques as found in **Goebel**'s teaching. This implementation would have been obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to increase efficiency and desirability of executable code through refined and detailed optimizations (**Goebel**: column 8, lines 30-40; column 10, lines 63-67).

Claim 20

The limitations of claims 20 are substantially similar to claim 1 and a such are rejected in the same manner.

Claim 21

Bortnikov and Goebel disclosed the method claim 1, wherein said frequency data comprises both inexact and exact values (**Bortnikov**: *column 3, line 51 to column 4, line 20; static profiling produces inexact guesses and dynamic produces exact results*).

Claim 22

Bortnikov and Goebel disclosed the method claim 1, wherein said updating step updates said frequency data from GUESS to EXACT values (**Bortnikov**: *column 3, line 51 to column 4, line 20; static profiling produces GUESS, UNKNOWN and ERROR and dynamic produces EXACT, UNINIT and ERROR*; **Goebel**: *column 10, lines 1-9; increasing update exactness*).

Claim 23

Bortnikov and Goebel disclosed the method claim 1, said updating step updates said frequency data from UNKNOWN to GUESS values (**Bortnikov**: *column 3, line 51 to column 4, line 20; static profiling produces GUESS, UNKNOWN and ERROR and dynamic produces EXACT, UNINIT and ERROR*; **Goebel**: *column 10, lines 1-9; increasing update exactness*).

Claim 24

Bortnikov and Goebel disclosed the method claim 1, wherein said updating step updates said frequency data from UNINIT to GUESS values (**Bortnikov**: *column 3, line 51 to column 4, line 20; static profiling produces GUESS, UNKNOWN and ERROR and dynamic produces EXACT, UNINIT and ERROR*; **Goebel**: *column 10, lines 1-9; increasing update exactness*).

Claim 25

Bortnikov and Goebel disclosed the method claim 1, wherein said optimization is performed in a direction of decreasing exactness (**Bortnikov**: *column 4, lines 22-33; hierarchy provides decreasing exactness*; **Goebel**: *column 10, lines 11-14*).

Claim 26

Bortnikov and Goebel disclosed the method claim 1, wherein said optimization is performed locally (**Bortnikov**: *column 3, lines 2-12*), and the updating is performed globally (**Bortnikov**: *column 3, lines 1-2*).

Claims 27-32, 33-39 and 40-44

The limitations of claims 27-32, 33-39 and 40-44 are substantially similar to claims 21-26 and a such are rejected in the same manner.

7. Claims 2 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Bortnikov et al.** (USPN 6,029,004) in view of **Goebel** (USPN 6,139,200) and in further view of **Chaitin et al.** (USPN 4,656,582).

Claim 2

Bortnikov and Goebel did not explicitly state the method claim 1, wherein step (4) comprises the step of performing at least one of the following optimizations:

- (i) dead code elimination;
- (ii) dead store elimination;
- (iii) branch elimination; and
- (iv) code transformation.

Chaitin demonstrated that it was known at the time of invention to optimize code using dead code elimination (column 9, lines 37-40). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to implement the optimization system of **Bortnikov and Goebel** with dead code elimination as found in **Chaitin's** teaching. This implementation would have been obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to make use of standard and thus easily implemented techniques for optimizing or increasing of efficiency of code (column 9, lines 37-40).

Claim 10

The limitations of claims 10 are substantially similar to claims 2 and a such are rejected in the same manner.

8. Claims 3-5, 7-8, 11-13 and 16-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over **Bortnikov** et al. (USPN 6,029,004) in view of **Goebel** (USPN 6,139,200) in view of **Sabot** et al. (USPN 5,347,654).

Claim 3

Bortnikov and **Goebel** did not explicitly state the method claim 1, wherein said first intermediate representation is a tree corresponding to a procedure within the source code of said computer program. **Sabot** demonstrated that it was known at the time of invention to construct compilers using internal representation trees for representing code and various “internal” information (figure 2, elements 202 and 214). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to implement a compiler with internal tree representations as found in **Sabot**’s teaching. This implementation would have been obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to develop a compiler using standard (easily implemented and understood) compiler technology (column 7, line 30 to column 8, line 29).

Claim 4

Bortnikov, **Goebel** and **Sabot** disclosed the method claim 3, wherein step (2), comprises the steps of:

(a) constructing a control flow graph from said tree (**Bortnikov**: column 3, lines 1-4); and

(b) annotating a frequency value to an edge of said control flow graph, wherein said frequency value corresponds to the number of times that said edge value was traversed during said plurality of sample executions of said computer program (**Bortnikov**: *column 5, lines 18-31*).

Claim 5

Bortnikov, Goebel and Sabot disclosed the method claim 4, wherein said frequency value annotated to said edge of said control flow graph is one of the following:

- (i) EXACT;
- (ii) GUESS;
- (iii) UNKNOWN;
- (iv) UNINIT; and
- v) ERROR (**Bortnikov**: *column 3, line 51 to column 4, line 20; static profiling produces GUESS, UNKNOWN and ERROR and dynamic produces EXACT, UNINIT and ERROR*);

Claims 7-8, 11-13 and 16-19

The limitations of claims 7-8, 11-13 and 16-19 are substantially similar to claims 3-5 and a such are rejected in the same manner.

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-44 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

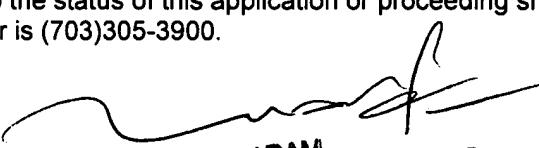
Correspondence Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William H. Wood whose telephone number is (703)305-3305 (after 28 October 2004: 571-272-3736). The examiner can normally be reached 7:30am - 5:00pm Monday thru Thursday and 7:30am - 4:00pm every other Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kakali Chaki can be reached on (703)305-9662 (after 28 October 2004: 571-272-3719). The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703)872-9306 for regular communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)305-3900.

William H. Wood
November 1, 2004


TUAN DAM
SUPERVISORY EXAMINER